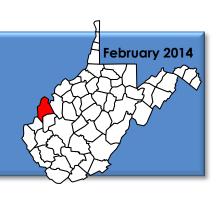
Prepared by the WV Department of Health and Human Resources Bureau for Behavioral Health and Health Facilities

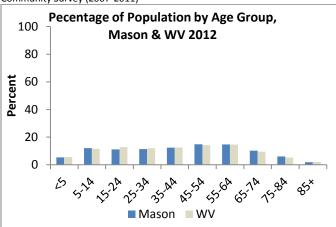
MASON COUNTY



Behavioral Health Epidemiological County Profile
Demographic Data

| | | Mason | WV |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|
| Population | | 27,179 | 1,855,413 |
| White | | 97.6% | 94.0% |
| Race | Black | 0.8% | 3.5% |
| | Other | 1.6% | 2.5% |
| Median age | | 43.0 | 41.7 |
| Labor force* | | 50.6% | 54.9% |
| Median household income* | | \$36,468 | \$39,550 |
| Income b | elow poverty level* | 17.8% | 17.5% |
| High school graduate or | | 79.5% | 82.6% |
| higher* | | 73.5% | 62.0% |
| Civilian veterans* | | 12.2% | 11.4% |

Source: US Census Bureau, 2012 population estimates, *American Community Survey (2007-2011)



| Population by Age Group 2012 | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| | Mason | | WV | |
| Age | # | % | # | % |
| <5 | 1,476 | 5.4% | 103,071 | 5.6% |
| 5-14 | 3,289 | 12.1% | 214,618 | 11.6% |
| 15-24 | 3,012 | 11.1% | 237,491 | 12.8% |
| 25-34 | 3,086 | 11.4% | 220,220 | 11.9% |
| 35-44 | 3,374 | 12.4% | 232,341 | 12.5% |
| 45-54 | 4,019 | 14.8% | 263,998 | 14.2% |
| 55-64 | 4,008 | 14.7% | 271,725 | 14.6% |
| 65-74 | 2,778 | 10.2% | 176,314 | 9.5% |
| 75-84 | 1,627 | 6.0% | 97,902 | 5.3% |
| 85+ | 510 | 1.9% | 37,733 | 2.0% |

Source: US Census Bureau, 2012 population estimates

Mason County is located in the western area of West Virginia. According the U.S. Census (2012) Mason County residents constitute 1.5% of the population of the state.

Adult Behavioral Health Risk Factors: 2007-2011

| Indicator | Mason | WV | Rank in WV* |
|--|--------------------|-------|-------------|
| Fair/Poor Health | 27.1% | 23.6% | 19 |
| No Health Insurance (ages 18-64) | 24.5% | 21.7% | 25 |
| No Leisure Time Physical Activity | 37.3% | 32.1% | 8 |
| Obesity | 37.6% | 31.8% | 9 |
| Diabetes | 12.7% | 11.8% | 22 |
| Cardiovascular Disease | 13.7% | 12.6% | 20 |
| Hypertension (2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011) | 38.5% | 34.6% | 18 |
| High Cholesterol (2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011) | 39.3% | 39.9% | 37 |
| Current Asthma | 14.2% [†] | 8.8% | 3 |
| Disability | 33.7% | 28.4% | 14 |
| Arthritis (2005, 2007, 2009-2011) | 39.4% | 35.2% | 15 |

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System.

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significant higher than state. †† Indicates state was significant higher than county. § Indicates unreliable prevalence estimate - use caution when reporting and interpreting.

| INSIDE Alsohal Consumption | 2 |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Alcohol Consumption | _ |
| Alcohol Risk & Protective Factors | 2 |
| Alcohol Consequences | 3 |
| Tobacco Consumption | 3 |
| Tobacco Risk & Protective Factors | 4 |
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| Mental Health | 6 |
| Acknowledgements | 7 |

Alcohol Consumption

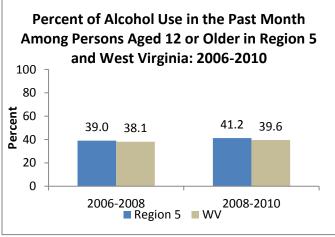
Alcohol Use Among Adults

| Indicator | Mason | wv | Rank in WV* |
|----------------|-------|------|-------------|
| Binge drinking | 7.3% | 9.4% | 35 |

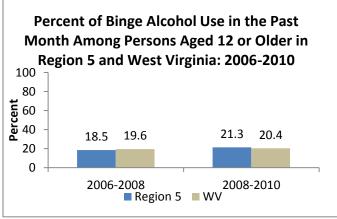
Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System.

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significant higher than state. †† Indicates state was significant higher than county. § Indicates unreliable prevalence estimate - use caution when reporting and interpreting.

Alcohol Use Among Persons 12 and Older



Source: National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) Note: Any use of alcohol in the past month. 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. Region 5 is made up of the following counties: Boone, Cabell, Clay, Kanawha, Lincoln, Logan, Mason, Mingo, Putnam and Wayne.



Source: NSDUH

Note: Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

Underage Drinking (Those Aged 12-20)

Alcohol Use in the Past Month Among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Region 5 and WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 24.9% | 23.5% |
| West Virginia | 25.3% | 23.4% |

Binge Alcohol Use in the Past Month Among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Region 5 and WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 16.4% | 15.8% |
| West Virginia | 17.8% | 15.9% |

Source: NSDUH

Note: See pervious definitions for alcohol use and binge drinking among persons 12 and older. See previous definition of Region 5.

Alcohol Risk & Protective Factors

Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 and WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 42.2% | 42.4% |
| West Virginia | 42.0% | 43.3% |

Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 and WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 5.7% | 6.3% |
| West Virginia | 6.4% | 6.1% |

Alcohol Dependence in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 and WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 2.8% | 3.2% |
| West Virginia | 3.2% | 3.2% |

Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 and WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 5.5% | 5.9% |
| West Virginia | 6.0% | 5.6% |

Source: NSDUH

Note: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

Alcohol Related Consequences

2011 Morbidity Rates per 10,000 Discharges Mason WV Rank in WV Alcohol Related Diagnosis 261.1 407.9 46 Alcohol Dependence Diagnosis 124.7 236.6 50

Source: WV Health Care Authority

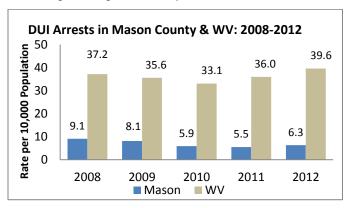
*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.

2006-2010 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population

| | Mason | wv | Rank in WV |
|-------------------------|-------|------|---------------|
| Chronic Liver-Cirrhosis | 14.1 | 13.4 | 23 |

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System

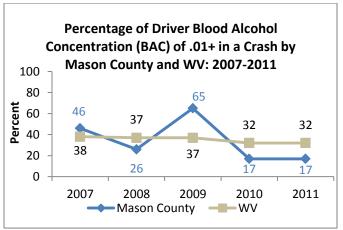
*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significant higher than state. †† Indicates state was significant higher than county.



| DUI Arrests in Mason County and WV: 2008-2012 | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
| | N | Mason | | | |
| Number of DUI arrests | 25 | 22 | 16 | 15 | 17 |
| DUI rate per 10,000 population | 9.1 | 8.1 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 6.3 |
| WV | | | | | |
| Number of DUI arrests | 6,842 | 6,587 | 6,134 | 6,680 | 7,355 |
| DUI rate per 10,000 population | 37.2 | 35.6 | 33.1 | 36.0 | 39.6 |

Source: WV State Police CIB Section

Note: The DUI arrest data should be interpreted with caution due to the fact that not all law enforcement agencies have reported their DUI arrests (approximately 200 agencies are missing from this dataset).



Source: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS)

Note: NHTSA estimates alcohol involvement when alcohol test results are unknown.

Tobacco Consumption

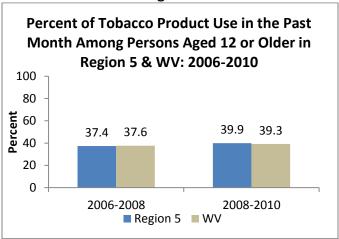
Tobacco Use Among Adults

| Indicator | Mason | wv | Rank in WV* |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Cigarette smoking | 33.1% | 26.9% | 6 |

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System.

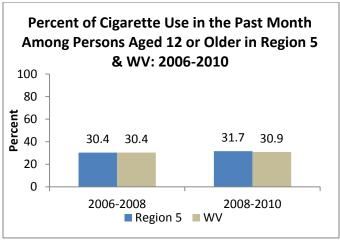
*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significant higher than state. †† Indicates state was significant higher than county.

Tobacco Use Among Persons 12 and Older



Source: NSDUH

Note: Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.



Source: NSDUH

Note: Any use of cigarettes in the past month. 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

Tobacco Risk & Protective Factors

Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 & WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 68.4% | 65.2% |
| West Virginia | 68.1% | 66.0% |

Source: NSDUH

Note: 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.



Tobacco Consequences

| 2006-2010 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population | | | |
|--|-------|-------|---------------|
| | Mason | wv | Rank in WV |
| Lung/Bronchus/Trachea Cancer | 96.2 | 83.7 | 15 |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 89.6 | 76.7 | 14 |
| Cardiovascular Disease | 372.3 | 367.3 | 36 |

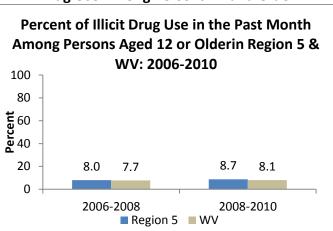
Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significant higher than state. †† Indicates state was significant higher than county.



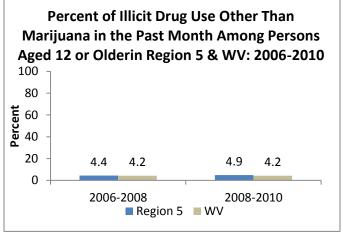
Drug Consumption

Drug Use Among Persons 12 and Older



Source: NSDUH

Note: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006. The 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

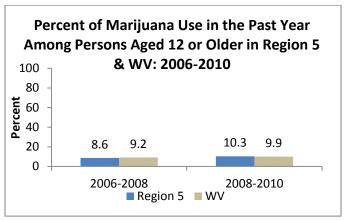


Source: NSDUH

Note: Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and

Mason County Behavioral Health Epidemiological Profile

2006. The 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.



Source: NSDUH

Note: 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

Marijuana Use in the Past Month Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 and West Virginia: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 5.3% | 6.1% |
| West Virginia | 5.4% | 5.8% |

Source: NSDUH

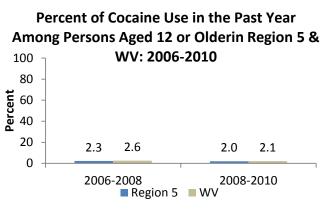
Note 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

First Use of Marijuana Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 and West Virginia: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 1.2% | 1.3% |
| West Virginia | 1.2% | 1.3% |

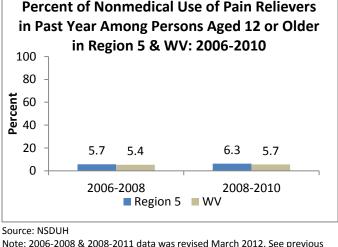
Source: NSDUH

Note: Average annual marijuana initiation rate = $100 * \{[X1 \div (0.5 * X1 + X2)]\}$ ÷ 2}, where X1 is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months and X2 is the number of persons who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components, X1 and X2, are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. The age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.



Source: NSDUH

Note: 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.



Note: 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

Drug Risk & Protective Factors

Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 &

WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 44.5% | 41.2% |
| West Virginia | 44.3% | 42.0% |

Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 & WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 3.0% | 3.0% |
| West Virginia | 2.9% | 2.9% |

Illicit Drug Dependence in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 & WV: 2006-2010

| | 2000-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 2.1% | 2.5% |
| West Virginia | 2.1% | 2.3% |

Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 & WV: 2006-2010

| | 2006-2008 | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 2.7% | 2.8% |
| West Virginia | 2.6% | 2.6% |

Source: NSDUH

Note: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

Drug Consequences

2012 Morbidity Rates per 10,000 Discharges

| | Mason | wv | Rank in WV |
|------------------------|-------|-------|---------------|
| Drug Related Diagnosis | 446.8 | 506.5 | 22 |

Source: WV Health Care Authority

2006-2010 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population Mason WV Drug Overdose 31.1 26.8 15

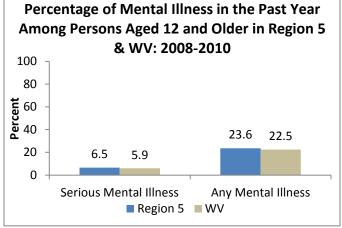
Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significant higher than state. †† Indicates state was significant higher than county.



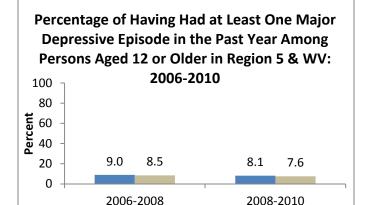
Mental Health

Mental Health Among Persons 12 and Older



Source: NSDUH

Note: 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.



Source: NSDUH

Note: 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

Suicide

■ Region 5 ■ WV

Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide in the Past Year Among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Region 5 & WV: 2006-2010

| | 2008-2010 |
|---------------|-----------|
| Region 5 | 4.0% |
| West Virginia | 4.2% |

Source: NSDUH

Note: 2006-2008 & 2008-2011 data was revised March 2012. See previous definition of Region 5.

2006-2010 Mortality Rates per 100,000 population

| | Mason | wv | Rank in WV |
|---------|-------|------|---------------|
| Suicide | 11.1 | 15.9 | 48 |

Source: WV Health Statistics Center, Vital Statistics System

*There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate. Significance: † Indicates county was significant higher than state. †† Indicates state was significant higher than county.



^{*}There are 55 counties in West Virginia; 1st highest rate and 55th lowest rate.

Homelessness

Reported Point-In-Time Sheltered Subpopulations in 2013

| | Mason | | WV | |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | # | % | # | % |
| Chronically Homeless | 0 | 0% | 250 | 15.5% |
| Veterans | 0 | 0% | 292 | 18.1% |
| Mental Illness | 2 | 20.0% | 422 | 26.2% |
| Chronic Substance Abuse | 0 | 0% | 538 | 33.4% |
| HIV/AIDS | 0 | 0% | 17 | 1.1% |
| Domestic Violence | 0 | 0% | 192 | 11.9% |
| Total Sheltered | 10 | | 1,612 | |

Reported Point-In-Time Unsheltered Subpopulations in 2013

| | Mason | | WV | |
|-----------------------------|-------|------|-----|-------|
| | # | % | # | % |
| Chronically Homeless | 0 | 0% | 182 | 29.0% |
| Veterans | 1 | 3.2% | 37 | 5.9% |
| Mental Illness | 0 | 0.0% | 206 | 32.8% |
| Chronic Substance Abuse | 2 | 6.5% | 330 | 52.5% |
| HIV/AIDS | 0 | 0% | 17 | 2.7% |
| Domestic Violence | 1 | 3.2% | 122 | 19.4% |
| Total Unsheltered | 31 | | 628 | |

Source: WV Coalition to End Homelessness

Hampshire County reported data for unsheltered.

Note: The Point-in-Time Count is conducted during one night in the end of January for a count of all homeless persons. The unsheltered count of the homeless population is likely under reported and should be used with caution. Subpopulation data is not mutually exclusive. Comparing the total is not an accurate representation as one person may have all five characteristics, while some persons may only have one or fewer. *There were no shelter facilities in Mason County during of the Point-in-Time Count. The unsheltered data reported for Mason County was based off of

Domestic Violence

Individuals Served by the West Virginia Coalition Against Domestic Violence (WVCADV) by Shelter Status in Mason County in 2012

| Shelter Status | Number |
|----------------|--------|
| Sheltered | * |
| Non-sheltered | 91 |

Domestic Violence Survivors Served by WVCADV by Behavioral Health Status in Mason County in 2012

| Behavioral Health Status | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Identified as having a mental disability | * | * |
| Referred to a mental health provider | 7 | 7.7% |

Domestic Violence Abusers Served by WVCADV by Behavioral Health Status in Mason County in 2012

| Behavioral Health Status | Number | Percent |
|---|--------|---------|
| Substance abuse identified as contributing to abuse | 47 | 28.5% |
| Referred to a mental health provider | * | * |

Source: WV Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Note: All indicators are self-reported from the survivor.

*Values based on 5 or fewer are suppressed to protect the confidentiality of the person.

Acknowledgements

The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, Bureau for Behavioral Health and Health Facilities (BBHHF) receives funding from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) to fund the West Virginia Epidemiological Outcomes Workgroup State (WVSEOW). The focus of the WVSEOW is to provide leadership in the continued development of substance abuse and mental health data and indicators.

The WVSEOW was assembled to lead the statewide systematic process to analyze, translate, and disseminate information about substance use and abuse and mental health in West Virginia.

Additional Resource: West Virginia Behavioral Health Epidemiological Profile, 2013, BBHHF,